CCPS Science Unit Plan

Grade	8th	Subject	t	Science	e	Unit #	4
Unit Name	Electricity and	d Magnetism		Timelir	1e	3 Wee	eks
How to use the Framework	provide a four understanding	ork should be used to implement dandation for effective implementation of all abbreviations used with this	on and student mastery of starts framework.	tandards. Please see th	ne hyperlinked	abbreviation docun	nent to ensure
Unit Overview	universe. They into the propert experiments. A on Earth. By th	school science unit on electricity, magnification will investigate the principles of electricities of magnets and the relationship be additionally, they will study gravitation the end of the unit, students will have a sence and engineering.	ric charge, electric fields, and tween electricity and magneti al forces, understanding how	current, learning how elsm, discovering the fund gravity governs the mot	lectricity powers damentals of elec- tion of planets, st	our daily lives. Studetromagnetism througars, and galaxies and	ents will delve gh engaging I affects objects
Lesson Plan guidance document and template		CCPS Lesson Plan Template Day View Lesson Plan Template Week View Department of Science Guidance Document Science SBC Instructional Framework.pdf					
3Dimensional Instruction	information al magnetism as S8P5.A. Cons support the cli gravitational flower between object even when the S8P5.B. Plan demonstrate the conductors an statement: Inc friction.) S8P5.C. Plan identify the far objects, magnetic electromagnet varying numb size of iron constraints.	evaluate, and communicate bout gravity, electricity, and major forces acting in nature. Struct an argument using evidence to aim that fields (i.e., magnetic fields, fields, and electric fields) exist exerting forces on each other electric are not in contact. and carry out investigations to the distribution of charge in addinsulators. (Clarification clude conduction, induction, and and carry out investigations to actors (e.g., distance between the tic force produced by an att with varying number of wire turns, were or size of dry cells, and varying one) that affect the strength of the agnetic forces. (Clarification	Develop and use M Engage in Argumet Asking Questions a Problems Planning and Carry Investigations Analyzing and Inte Using Mathematica Thinking Constructing Expla Designing Solution Obtaining, Evaluating Communicating Intelligence	Todels Ints from Evidence and Defining Iring Out Irpreting Data It and Computational Inations and Is ing, and	 Pattern Cause Scale, Systen Energy Structo 	 Crosscutting Concepts Patterns Cause and effect Scale, proportion, and quantity Systems and system models Energy and matter Structure and function Stability and change 	

	statement: Including, but not limited to, generators or motors.)
NGSS Alignment	 NGSS Alignment to Disciplinary Core Ideas MS-PS2-3. Ask questions about data to determine the factors that affect the strength of electric and magnetic forces. MS-PS2-4. Construct and present arguments using evidence to support the claim that gravitational interactions are attractive and depend on the masses of interacting objects. MS-PS2-5. Conduct an investigation and evaluate the experimental design to provide evidence that fields exist between objects exerting forces on
	weekly Lesson Tasks Weekly Lesson Tasks

Week 1

GSE:

S8P5. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information about gravity, electricity, and magnetism as major forces acting in nature.

S8P5.A. Construct an argument using evidence to support the claim that fields (i.e., magnetic fields, gravitational fields, and electric fields) exist between objects exerting forces on each other even when the objects are not in contact.

Focused Concept:

• The focus concept for this element is to understand how magnetic, gravitational, and electric fields exist between objects and exert forces on each other.

SEP:

- Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information
- Construct an argument using evidence

CCC:

- Energy and Matter
- Cause and Effect

Phenomenon:

- How is a battery-powered fan similar to this hand-cranked flashlight?
- Why doesn't the plant fall down?
- Why does the balloon attract the water?

DQ:

- How are electric and magnetic forces used to transfer energy?
- How do magnetic fields interact?
- How do electric charges attract and repel objects?

	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Learning Targets	SWBAT construct an argument using evidence to support the claim that fields (i.e.magnetic fields, gravitational fields, electric fields) exist between objects exerting	SWBAT construct an argument using evidence to support the claim that fields (i.e.magnetic fields, gravitational fields, electric fields) exist between objects exerting	SWBAT construct an argument using evidence to support the claim that fields (i.e.magnetic fields, gravitational fields, electric fields) exist between objects exerting	SWBAT construct an argument using evidence to support the claim that fields (i.e.magnetic fields, gravitational fields, electric fields) exist between objects exerting	SWBAT construct an argument using evidence to support the claim that fields (i.e.magnetic fields, gravitational fields, electric fields) exist between objects exerting forces on each other even

	forces on each other even when the objects are not in contact	forces on each other even when the objects are not in contact	forces on each other even when the objects are not in contact	forces on each other even when the objects are not in contact	when the objects are not in contact
Opening	The teacher will introduce the unit using the strategy List_Group_Label. Create a picture splash containing images for a new concept you will be teaching. It builds student background but also helps teachers gauge student vocabulary knowledge. W Electricity Pic Splas List-Group-Label	In the Inspire Science: Energy and Motion textbook, pg. 172 Have students study the photo of the levitating planter.	Science Probe: Electric Charge in the Inspire Science: Energy and Motion textbook pg. 197 Have Students study the photo of the water stream and balloon	Teacher will ask: What do you think will affect the strength of an electric field?	Teacher will introduce Gravity and Gravitational Force: You are a giant floating in Earth's Atmosphere. If you dropped a planet larger than Earth, what would happen? What if you dropped another planet the same size as Earth? Describe the interaction of gravitational forces between objects. Moon Landing and Walking on Moon (Start video at 1:45 and end at 2:00) Students will be prompted to imagine life if they lived on a different planet. Place students in groups. The teacher will then go over the writing prompt: "What would walking be like if you lived on the moon?"
Guided Practice/ Transition	Teachers will administer Pre-Test: Unit 4: Pre-test Teacher Version Pre-Test Student Version After the Pre-Test, In the teacher edition, the teacher will: Go online and watch the video Power On! Think about what you	Encounter the Phenomenon: Why doesn't the plant fall? Inspire Science: Energy and Motion Activity is on pg. 173 **Pre-prep before class: Tie a string to a paper clip for each group. Suggested Materials: -Paper clip -String	Encounter the Phenomenon: Why does the balloon attract water? Inspire Science: Energy and MotionActivity is on pg. 199 Encounter the Phenomenon Before activity: Brainstorm familiar examples of static electricity, such as newly	Complete the C-E-R Activity from the previous day. Phet: Balloon and Electricity/John Travoltage Introduce Gravitational Fields: • What would happen if you were to drop a book on the floor? • What forces cause the	Students will write a narrative to answer the question, "What would it be like to walk if you lived on the moon?" Students must incorporate the following: gravitational force, the planet's mass, their weight on the planet, and a description of what it is like to perform simple tasks.

	know about how the fan and the flashlight work. Students will discuss his or her thoughts with a partner. Then, record what they would like to share with the class. Inspire Science: Energy and Motion textbook, Pg 169; complete the "Encounter the Phenomenon" activity. • see_think_wonder_t	-Tape -Bar magnet. After the activity: -Students will go online and watch the video provided by the teacher in the teacher's edition Magnet MagicStudents will discuss what they see in the video and how it relates to the activity.	dried clothes Review what students learned about magnetic poles and magnetic forces.	book to fall? Gravity is a force exerted between two objects. • What are the objects in the system?	
Independent Practice	Ask: How have you played with magnets? What can happen when you bring magnets together? Science Probe: Which pole is it? Pg. 171 textbook	C-E-R: Create a claim on how magnets can keep a plant from falling. Inspire Science: Energy and MotionTextbook pg 173-174	Static Electricity Phet Students will use the Balloons and Electricity PHet to illustrate how the charges are transferred. You can also assign John Travoltage Phet https://phet.colorado.edu /en/simulations/john-tray oltage/teaching-resources W Static Electricity Vi	Students will conduct a mini lab in groups on the gravitational force by dropping different objects from the same height. Copy of Gravitation	Students will continue to work on the narrative. Students will be assessed using the following rubric
Assessment Summary	What will happen if a magnet is broken?	How is Earth like a magnet?	How does the strength of a magnet's force change when it gets bigger or closer to an object?	Name one similarity between magnetic forces and electric forces	What factors affect the way the objects fall?
Small Group Tasks (TBA)					

Week 2							
GSE: S8P5. Obtain, evaluate, and about gravity, electricity, and acting in nature. S8P5.B. Plan and carry out the distribution of charge in (Clarification statement: Inc and friction.)	I magnetism as major forces nvestigations to demonstrate conductors and insulators.	Focused Concept: • The focus concept for	or this element is to determine	the distribution of charges in c	onductors and insulators.		
	 Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information Energy and Matter 						
Phenomenon: Why doesn't	the plant fall down?		DQ: • How do different materials hold electric charges?				
	Day 6	Day 7	Day 8	Day 9	Day 10		
Learning Targets	SWBAT construct an argument using evidence to support the claim that fields (i.e.magnetic fields, gravitational fields, electric fields) exist between objects exerting forces on each other even when the objects are not in contact.	SWBAT plan and carry out investigations to demonstrate the distribution of charge in conductors and insulators.	SWBAT plan and carry out investigations to demonstrate the distribution of charge in conductors and insulators.	SWBAT construct an argument using evidence to support the claim that fields (i.e.magnetic fields, gravitational fields, electric fields) exist between objects exerting forces on each other even when the objects are not in contact. SWBAT plan and carry out investigations to demonstrate the distribution of charge in conductors and insulators.	SWBAT construct an argument using evidence to support the claim that fields (i.e.magnetic fields, gravitational fields, electric fields) exist between objects exerting forces on each other even when the objects are not in contact. SWBAT plan and carry out investigations to demonstrate the distribution of charge in conductors and insulators.		
Opening	The teacher will play the video Gravitational Force Have students complete a summary or STW: 3-2-1 Summary	Teachers will share the following: Based on the properties of different materials, they will hold different charges. Teacher will ask:	The teacher will use up to 5 Unit 4 Assessment Prep questions to gauge understanding. Then, students and the teacher will discuss some of the essential topics to ensure	Ask about progress on the choice board. Meet with small groups and clarify expectations.	Kahoot, Quizizz, or Blookit to review for Formative Assessment. **Use previous exit ticket questions to review.		

	■ see_think_wonder_t Gravitational Force	Would you expect a comb or aluminum foil to hold charge better? -Students will discuss answers as a class. Teacher will show the following video. Conductors and Insulators Students will answer questions (whole group).	there are no misconceptions and remediate most missed questions.		
Guided Practice/Transition	The teacher will provide additional notes on: -Gravitational Forces -Electric Forces -Magnetic Forces Additional Notes: Fields and Forces Students will categorize information based on the different fields and forces on the graphic organizer. Cornell Notes Organizer (Students can draw this organizer into their notebooks.)	The teacher will use PowerPoint and take notes to teach further about conductors and insulators. ConductorsandInsul Copy of Conductors	The teacher will introduce the Electricity Choice Board and explain expectations. -Students will select the activities they want to complete on the "Choice Board" to demonstrate mastery of the standard. Differentiation: Work in groups of 2-3 -Beginner Learners: complete at least one task -Developing Learners: complete at least two tasks. -Proficient/Advanced: complete at least three tasks.	ChoiceBoard. The teacher will check in and see progress. ■ Copy of Electricity a	Formative Assessment S8P5a/b located in Illuminate
Independent Practice	Continue reading notes and fill in a graphic organizer Cornell Notes Organizer (Students can draw this	Students will conduct a mini-investigation where they will predict whether each item is made from a conductor or insulator	Students will work on their ChoiceBoard. The teacher will check in and see progress.	Students will work on their ChoiceBoard. The teacher will check in and see progress.	Students will review their most missed questions using Illuminate data. Students will complete test corrections.

	organizer into their notebooks.)	material. Then, test each item to determine if it is made from a conductor or insulator. Ask: What pattern are you noticing about certain materials? Conductors and Insu	Exemplar: Copy of Electricity a	Students will present assignments to the teacher. The teacher will provide feedback and grade	-Identify Missed Question -Why did you choose that answer? (be honest, ex. I guessed or did not read the entire question.) -Correct Answer -Why is it correct? (ex. Where in your notes/interactive notebook did you find the correct answer.) W Test Corrections .docx
Assessment/Summary	TOTD: Where is the most gravitational attraction between two football players, a football player and a toddler? Justify your answer.	Exit Ticket: What would happen if a positively charged conductor touches a neutral conductor?	What challenges are you having with the choice board activity? How can you turn these into successes?	Work on Lesson 2 Review in the McGraw Hill textbook if time permits. Pg. 214 questions 1-3	Students will record their scores on their Data Tracking Sheets and respond to the reflection questions.
Small Group Tasks (TBA)					

	Week 3					
GSE: S8P5. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information about gravity, electricity, and magnetism as major forces acting in nature. S8P5.C. Plan and carry out investigations to identify the factors (e.g., distance between objects, magnetic force produced by an electromagnet with varying number of wire turns, varying number or size of dry cells, and varying size of iron core) that affect the strength of electric and magnetic forces. (Clarification statement: Including, but not limited to, generators or motors.)	ces electric and magnetic forces. the electric and magnetic forces.					
SEP: Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information Plan and carry out investigations		 CCC: Energy and Matter Systems and System Models Cause and Effect 				
Phenomenon:		DQ:				

☐ Electromagnet STW ADI Lab 10 Show students the slide with various technologies that utilize Electromagnetism. Have			How do distance and force affect the strength of electric and magnetic forces?			
students complete the STW		e Electromagnetism. Have				
	Day 11	Day 12	Day 13	Day 14	Day 15	
Learning Targets	SWBAT plan and carry out investigations to identify the factors that affect the strength of electric and magnetic forces.	SWBAT plan and carry out investigations to identify the factors that affect the strength of electric and magnetic forces.	SWBAT plan and carry out investigations to identify the factors that affect the strength of electric and magnetic forces.	SWBAT plan and carry out investigations to identify the factors that affect the strength of electric and magnetic forces.	SWBAT plan and carry out investigations to identify the factors that affect the strength of electric and magnetic forces.	
Opening	■ Electromagnet STW ADI Lab Stage 1: Task • Present phenomenon or problem for students to figure out • Students engage in STW protocol • Introduce the task to students and have them share ideas about the problem/phenomenon. • Ask students what they need to learn to figure out the problem. Guiding Ouestion: How Is the Strength of an Electromagnet Affected by the Number of Turns of Wire in a Coil?	Have students review their proposals and gather materials to begin their investigations.	Have examples (pictures) of completed ADI Boards for students to view. Review the board's components: Guiding Question, Claim, Evidence, Justification. Facilitate a discussion on how to create strong arguments.	The teacher will ask students: "What thoughts and connections can you make about the images from the lesson phenomenon?" Students will discuss the images and how they may be related to the electromagnet they designed and tested.	The teacher will display the slide from the lesson phenomenon and lead a final discussion on the connection between the images and electromagnets.	
Guided Practice/Transition	Student Lab Handout Teacher Lab Handout ADI Lab Stage 2: Ideas Review the Anchor chart for annotating text Close reading of the investigation and core ideas students might use to figure out the	 ADI Lab Stage 4: Do Student groups will follow their plans to collect data during their investigations. Students will analyze their data and determine if they have enough data to answer the guiding question. Groups will be allowed to collect additional 	■ Copy of ADI Board ■ Student groups will create an evidence-based claim that answers the guiding question. ■ Review how to give feedback on an	ADI Stage 6: Reflect Lead a discussion on the core ideas, SEPs, and CCCs used in the investigation. Notes will be provided, and any misconceptions on electromagnets will be addressed.	ADI Stage 7: Report Students will construct a report to communicate what they did and what they figured out during the investigation. Rough drafts of papers will be created and exchanged. Students will give feedback	

	 Students talk with their group and determine what ideas might be helpful. Lead discussion on group member roles and expectations for the lab. ADI Lab Stage 3: Plan Students will work with their group to create a plan for their investigation. Investigative proposal template Review the proposal with students Review available materials with students. Lab Safety Tool Talk Student groups will share their plans with another group and the teacher to receive feedback. Review how to give feedback on a proposal. 	data if needed. Tips: Make sure students have enough data to answer the guiding question.	argument. Student groups will share their findings with the class and receive feedback on their claim, evidence, and justification. Feedback Form Tips: Students can present arguments to the whole class or do it as a gallery walk. Gallery Walk: 2 students remain with the board, and two students visit other boards to give feedback and take notes on other groups' investigations.	Students will take notes using a graphic organizer. PPT for Notes Cornell Notes Graphic Organizer	to 2 classmates on their reports using the provided template. Peer Review Form
Independent Practice	Students will (group work) revise and improve their plans based on feedback from their peers.	Students will analyze the data collected during the investigation and create an initial claim that answers the guiding question.	Students will be given time to revise their arguments based on feedback.	Students will identify the strengths and weaknesses of their investigations and reflect on them in their notebooks/journals.	Students will use the peer feedback to create the final draft of their papers for evaluation by the teacher.
Assessment/Summary	Describe the successes and challenges your group experienced when planning your investigation.	What challenges did your group encounter during data collection?	How did your group use the feedback from the argumentation session?	How can the core ideas learned during the lab be used to make sense of the lesson phenomenon?	Why is communicating your findings and having them peer-reviewed an important part of science?
Small Group Tasks					

Independent Practice

Unit Test Review - See

Unit Test

		We	eek 4		
about gravity, electricity, as acting in nature. S8P5.A. Construct an argument the claim that fields exist be on each other even when the S8P5.B. Plan and carry out the distribution of charge in S8P5.C. Plan and carry out	d communicate information and magnetism as major forces ment using evidence to support etween objects exerting forces are objects are not in contact. It investigations to demonstrate an conductors and insulators. It investigations to identify the gth of electric and magnetic	between objects anThe focus conceptThe focus concept	for this element is to understand d exert forces on each other. for this element is to determine for this element is to plan and ca tic forces. Students will design	the distribution of charges in carry out an investigation to ide	conductors and insulators. entify the factors that affect
, ,	and communicate information ment using evidence t investigations		CCC:	Models	
Phenomenon: Refer to the weekly lesson	phenomenon for unit test reviev	v.	 How do magnetic fie How do electric char How do different magnetic 	I magnetic forces used to transelds interact? Transelds attract and repel objects? The terials hold electric charges? If force affect the strength of e	
	Day 16	Day 17	Day 18	Day 19	Day 20
Learning Targets	Unit Test Review - See Assessment Prep	Unit Test			
Opening	Unit Test Review - See Assessment Prep	Unit Test			
Guided Practice/Transition	Unit Test Review - See Assessment Prep	Unit Test			

		Assessment Prep			
Assessme	ent/Summary	Unit Test Review - See Assessment Prep	Unit Test		
	Group Tasks ΓΒΑ)				

Assessment Prep

- Unit 4 Assessment_Teacher Edition.pdf
- **■** Unit 4 Assessment Prep.pdf

Prepare students for assessment by reviewing the following Assessment Prep Presentation.

Provide the following guidance:

Ask the students to use what they know about the tasks completed to answer the provided assessment prep question.

- What is the question asking you?
- What do you know about the vocabulary or concept in the question?
- Is this question similar to any investigations or tasks we've completed?
- How can what you've done help you answer this question?
- Just view the assessment question: What is the question asking you?

Guide students to think about how their experience connects to the question.

Using the answer choices provided, ask the students the following:

- Identify a wrong answer: How do I know this answer is incorrect?
- Identify the right answer: How do we know this answer is correct?

Allow the students time to discuss in collaborative groups.

TEACHER NOTE: If students struggle with the question, review it the next day. Do not rush to the next question; instructional time is the only time they have to prepare for the end-of-year assessment.

Following the Unit Test:

- Have students correct any missed test items using one of the test correction templates: <u>Template Option 1</u> <u>Template Option 2</u>
- Have students create goals for review and remediation of material
- Have students set goals for the next unit

		Labs / Investigations					
Ma	ndatory Labs	Explore Learning Gizmo	Pivot Interactives/Phet				
How Is the Strength of Number of Wire in a C	e Lab 10 and 11 Magnetic Force: fan Electromagnet Affected by the Coil? pg. 180 Which s best for picking up 50 paper	S8P5.A. Charge Launcher Magnetic Induction S8P5.C. Charge Launcher Electromagnetic Induction Magnetic Induction	 Circuit Construction Kit Charges and Fields John Travoltage Balloons and Static Electricity Magnets and Electromagnets Conductivity Semiconductors 				
Additional Resources/Tasks Supplemental Textbook: McGraw Hill Inspire Science - Physical Science - Unit 1: Energy and Motion							
Resources	S8P5.A. P magnetism_ppt 2023.pptx Gravity Force Lab (Phet S8P5.B. P Electric Charge and Static S8P5.C.	Simulation)					
	Additional Test Prep						